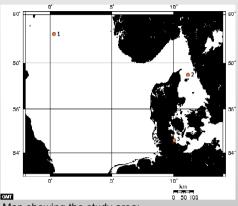


Hydrographic changes push European common squid *Alloteuthis subulata* into Kiel Bay



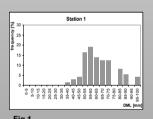
Marko Herrmann & Uwe Piatkowski, Institut für Meereskunde an der Universität Kiel, Düsternbrooker Weg 20, D – 24105 Kiel, Germany contact: mherrmann@ifm.uni-kiel.de & upiatkowski@ifm.uni.kiel.de

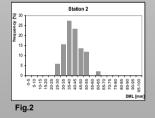
European common squid (Alloteuthis subulata 1798) Lamarck, were sampled from the by-catch of ICES bottom-trawl survey of FRV Walter Herwig III in the North Sea in February 2000, from collect survey of RV Littorina in the Kattegat in November 2000 and from survey of FS Alkor in Kiel Bay, western Baltic Sea in January 2001.



Map showing the study area: 1. St. n = 73, 2. St. n = 51, 3. St. n = 18

142 total. specimens Alloteuthis subulata were collected. collection included females and 46 % males. Dorsal mantle lengths (DML) varied between 25-85 mm in females and between 27-98 mm in males. Wet body mass ranged between 0,6-7,9 g in females and 2,1-8,7 g in males. Lower rostral lengths (LRL) varied between 0,31-1,07 mm in females and 0,42-1,15 mm in males.





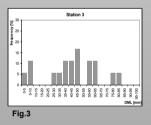
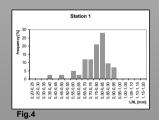
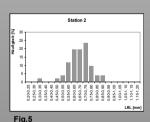


Fig.1-3 shows the frequency distribution of dorsal mantle lengths (DML).





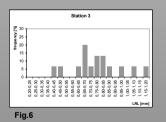
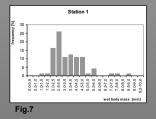
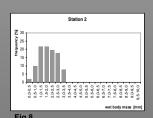
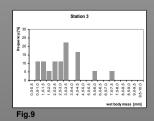


Fig.4-6 shows the frequency distribution of lower rostral lengths (LRL).







ass



A.subulata, ventral view DML = 43 mm



lower beak, LRL = 0,84 mm



upper beak, ULR = 0,92 mm

Fig.6-8 shows the frequency distribution of wet body mass.