A Preliminary Report

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Thermal Gradients and Heat Flow Data in Colorado and Wyoming:

A Preliminary Report

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THERMAL GRADIENTS AND HEAT FLOW DATA IN COLORADO AND WYOMING: A PRELIMINARY REPORT

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E. R. Decker and G. J. Bucher

ABSTRACT

Temperature gradient data and heat flow data are compiled for 23 core and rotary drill holes in the Rocky Mountains of Colorado and Wyoming. Gradients range from 10.7°C/km in the Medicine Bow Mountains, Wyoming, to 40.1°C/km in the San Juan Mountains, Colorado. Uncorrected heat flow ranges from 1.1 to HFU at Rawlins, Wyoming to 6.1 at Rico, Colorado.

I. INTRODUCTION

This report refers to contracts N28-3896G-1 and N28-4934H-1 (directed by E. R. Decker, University of Wyoming). Research to date has emphasized temperature depth measurements in 23 core and rotary drill holes in Colorado and Wyoming. Thermal gradients and heat flow values have been compiled for many of these holes.

Related field work involved contract casing of a deep (\sim 670 m) core hole in the San Juan Mountains in southwestern Colorado.

II. WORK IN PROGRESS

Radiogenic heat production values are being determined for many of the deep holes that penetrated intrusive rocks in the southern Rocky Mountains (see Table II).

Core and/or chip samples for thermal conductivity measurements for many of these holes will be available in the near future.

III. DATA

Figures 1-23 are plots of temperatures and depths in 23 drill holes that are being analyzed under the contracts. Table I is a compilation of gradients for nine of these holes. Observed (q_{unc}) and corrected (q_{cor}) heat flow data for 12 of these localities are listed in Table II, as are hole locations to the nearest

minute. The corrected heat flow values directly follow Birch's (1950) correction for three-dimensional topography. Each correction was made for terrain for a lateral distance equal to 20 times the depth of each hole.

Figures 1-23 and Tables I and II represent the most reliable data that we have been able to obtain. These data will yield publishable heat flow values. Although many other sites (about 20) have been visited for temperature-depth measurements, the data for them cannot be used for reliable heat flow calculations because the holes were blocked at very shallow depths.

TABLE I
SUMMARY OF PRELIMINARY GRADIENT VALUES FOR DRILL HOLES

	Gradient	
Colorado	°C/km	
Elkhorn	24.6	
Winfield	30.3	
Chicago Basin	30.9, 28.8	
V. Basin	27.6	
Del Norte	40.1	
Wyoming		
Sand Lake (Medicine Bow Mtns)	10.7	
Rawlins (Red Rim)	16.4	
Douglas (Powder River Basin)		
#LCI	34.4	
#LC2	33.8	

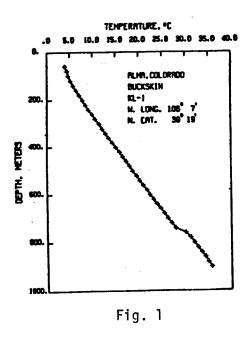
^{1.} Francis Birch, "Flow of heat in the Front Range, Colorado," Geol. Soc. Am. Bull. 61, 567-630 (1950).

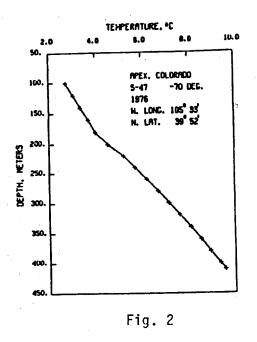
TABLE 2
SUMMARY OF PRELIMINARY HEAT FLOW VALUES

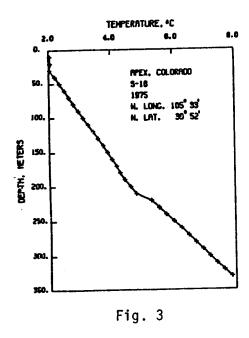
Locality	Location	Heat Flow	
<u>Colorado</u>	W. Long., N. Lat.	HFU	
		q _{unc}	q _{cor}
Elkhorn ^a	105° 32', 40° 45'	2.13	1.96
Apex	105° 33', 39° 52' 105° 34', 39° 52'	1.50 1.42	1.79 1.58
Winfield	106° 26', 38° 58' 106° 27', 38° 59'	2.88 2.97	2.84 2.74
Chicago Basin ^a	107° 37', 37° 36'	2.69	2.45
V. Basin ^a , b	107° 35', 37° 34'	1.91 2.44	2.11 2.29
Redwell Basin	107° 3', 38° 54'	3.26	3.62
Rico	108° 1', 37° 42' 108° 2', 37° 42'	5.2 - 5.9 5.2 - 6.1	
Del Norte	106° 22', 37°47'	2.68	2.69
Summitville ^a	106° 36', 37° 26'	2.3	2.4
Wyoming			
Sand Lake	106° 14, 41° 29'	1.4	1.4 - 1.5
Albany ^a	106° 11', 41° 12'	1.60	1.62
Rawlins	107° 27', 41° 44'	1.1	1.1

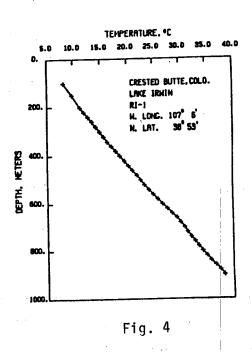
^aRadioactivity measurements in progress.

 $^{^{\}rm b}{\rm Cased}$ with monies provided by LASL contract.

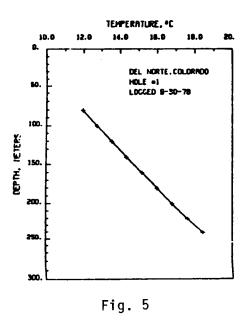


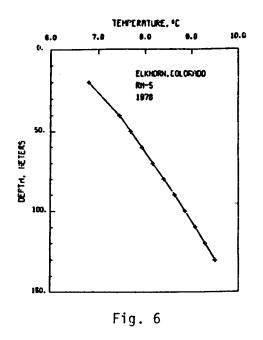


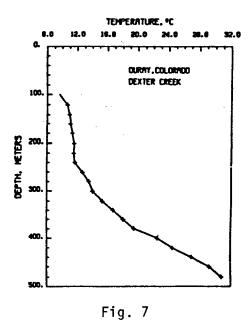


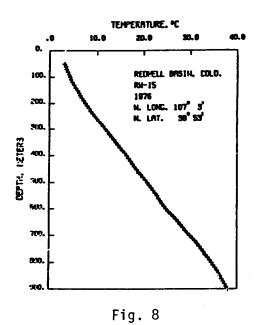


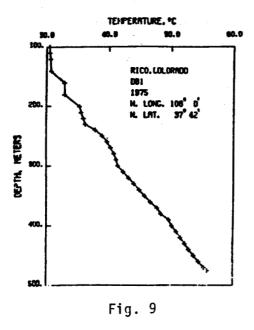
Figs. 1-23. Temperatures as functions of depth in reliable drill holes.

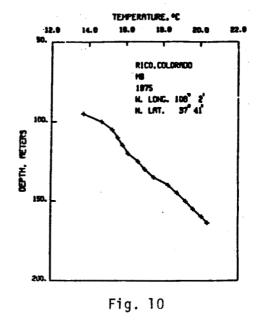


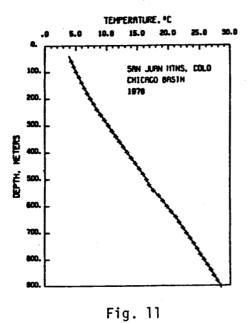


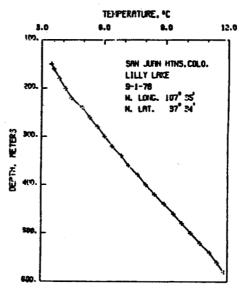


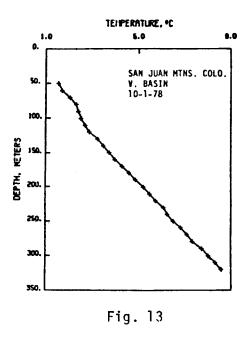


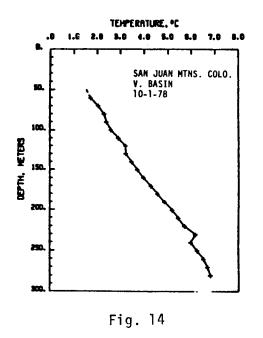


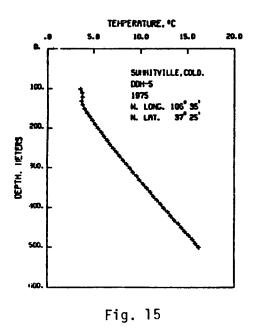


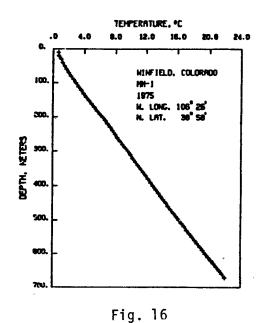


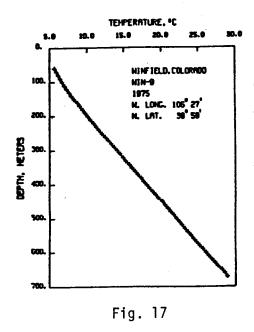


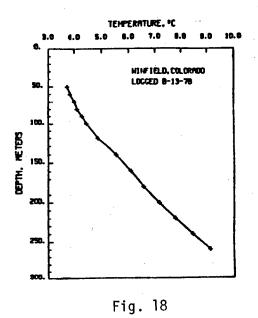


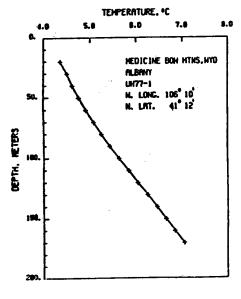












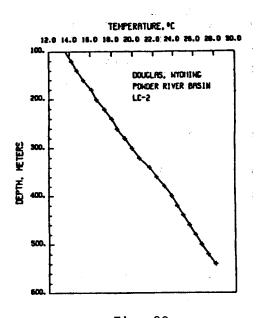


Fig. 19

Fig. 20

