

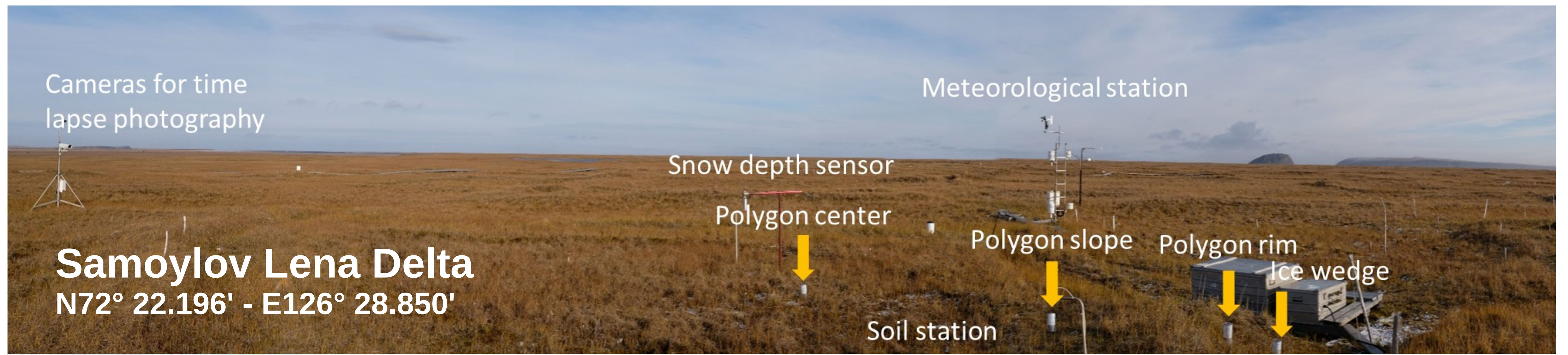
Long Term Observatory – Dataflow from sensor to publication

Stephan Lange, Julia Boike

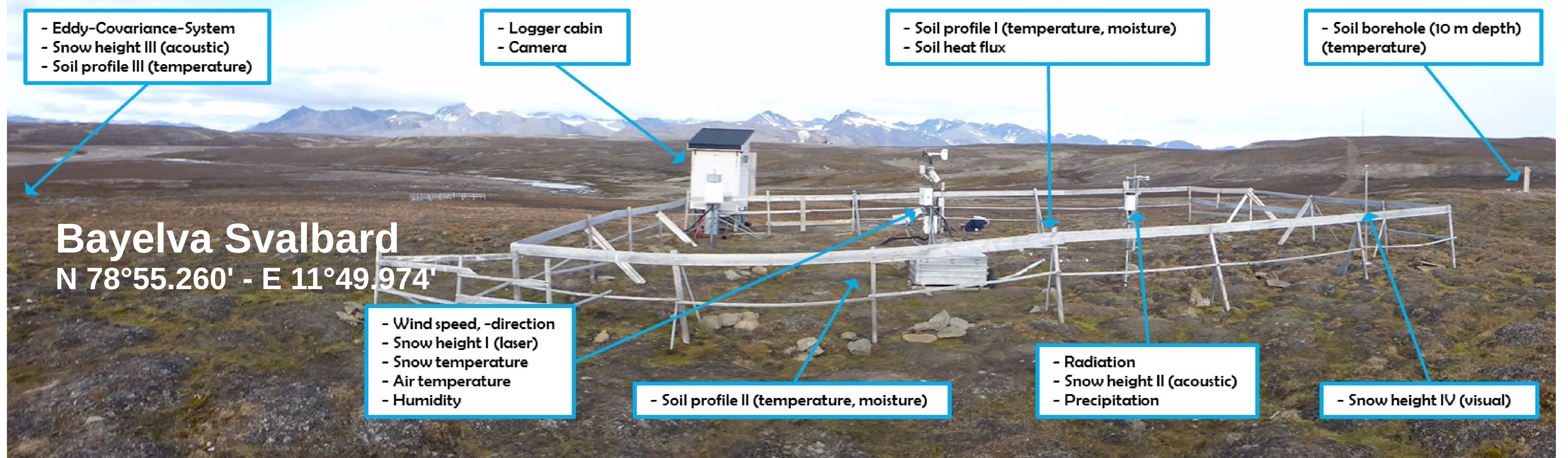


ALFRED-WEGENER-INSTITUT
HELMHOLTZ-ZENTRUM FÜR POLAR-
UND MEERESFORSCHUNG

Long Term Observatory



Samoylov Lena Delta
N72° 22.196' - E126° 28.850'



Bayelva Svalbard
N 78°55.260' - E 11°49.974'

- Eddy-Covariance-System
- Snow height III (acoustic)
- Soil profile III (temperature)

- Logger cabin
- Camera

- Soil profile I (temperature, moisture)
- Soil heat flux

- Soil borehole (10 m depth) (temperature)

- Wind speed, -direction
- Snow height I (laser)
- Air temperature
- Humidity

- Soil profile II (temperature, moisture)

- Radiation
- Snow height II (acoustic)
- Precipitation

- Snow height IV (visual)

Metadata

27 stations

for each station
Information about the setup, sensors, pictures and maintenance protocols

over 100 devices

for each sensor
full description, timeline, manuals, certificates, links to our stations

Monitoring

Live RAW data Bayelva

daily data check with email alert

Visualization

Data viewer
- over 200 variables
- over 20 years

Trend viewer
- adjustable for different periods
- statistics and linear trend

running on shiny server

Filtertool
- set manual quality flags
- data comparison

restricted for datascientist / engineer

Archiving

RAW
- different sensors / logger
- different resolution
- different data formats
- online data vs. expedition data

Level 0
- one file format
- one time format (UTC)
- empty lines filled with NA

Level 1
Flag system / quality check
0 – good data
1 – no data
2 – system error
3 – maintenance
4 – physical limits
5 – gradient
6 – plausibility
7 – decreased accuracy
8 – snow covered

Level 2
- specific data products
- gap filling
- statistics

zenodo

GTN-P
Global Terrestrial
Network for
Permafrost

