

# Reaching the 1.5 degree limit: what does it mean for West Antarctica and the global mean sea level?

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- Can the West Antarctic ice sheet be saved when limiting global warming to 1.5°C above pre-industrial?
- Paleo studies show that in the LIG 125 kyr B.P. a collapse of the West Antarctic ice sheet occurred at 1.5 to 2°C globally and 2 to 3°C around Antarctica above pre-industrial levels -> accounting for 3 to 4 meter sea level rise! Sutter et al., 2016







- IPCC Special Report on the 1.5 degree limit is due to be published next year
- Our project is supported by the German Federal Ministry of Education and Research
- ZUWEISS: 1.5 degree limit and the West Antarctic Ice Sheet



### **Proposed mechanism**



Melting from below and from above



Source: Bethan Davies



### How to tackle the question?

 AWI-CM (Alfred Wegener Institute Climate Model consisting of FESOM1.4 and ECHAM6.3) coupled to PISM (Parallel Ice Sheet Model)



Ice sheet model



### Locally refined ocean mesh



With the unstructured mesh approach in FESOM it is possible to locally refine the ocean mesh in areas of interest – in our case to be able to resolve small-scale ocean - ice shelf interactions.



## **PISM spin-up simulation**



### 50,000 years of PISM spin-up to bring ice sheet into equilibrium



#### Simulation

Simulated and observed ice sheet velocity (m/a)

Observation





## Results: PISM driven by CCSM4

Snapshot control



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Ice elevation anomaly (m)

## Results: PISM driven by CCSM4

### • Snapshot RCP 4.5



Ice elevation anomaly (m)

## Results: PISM driven by CCSM4

### • Snapshot RCP 8.5



Ice elevation anomaly (m)



- Global warming of 1.5 to 2°C may be a tipping point for stability of West Antarctic Ice Sheet
- With uncoupled ice sheet simulations difficult to detect such a tipping point:
  - Driving the ice sheet model PISM with different coarse-resolution CMIP5 models and different forcings gives a wide spread of possible outcomes for Antarctica
- We hope that our novel coupled simulations with highly-resolved ocean-ice shelf-ice sheet interaction can help to reduce the uncertainty

